

PRICE \$2.50 PER MONTH

INTIMATIONS.
NOTICE.
 NOTICE is hereby given, that by the pro-
 visions made under two Bills of Sale
 and respectively the 3d day of March, 18-
 respectively between ABRAHAM ELKANAH
 ABRAHAM of the one part, and ALEXANDRE
 ADOR ECA DA SILVA of the other part, and
 and ABRAHAM ELKANAH ABRAHAM of the
 one part, and SOLOMON MEXTERS of the other
 part, we the Under-signed have this day entered
 taken possession of the premises known as
 "Novelty Store," in Martins House, No. 17,
 Queen's Road, Hongkong, and will transact all
 business from henceforth on our own account
 in our names.
 Dated the 14th day of June, 1884.
 A. E. CCA DA SILVA.
 S. MEXTERS
 Per Pro. N. S. MEYERS.
TO BE LET.
 With Immediate Possession.
THE DETACHED RESIDENCE
"CRAIGSGOWER" on the Cause Road.
 Terms Moderate.
 or Particulars, apply to
 HO KAI,
 16, Bank Buildings,
 Queen's Road.
 Hongkong, 17th June, 1884. [1150]
ELLY AND WALSH'S
LIST OF NEW FRENCH NOVELS.
 Sarah Bernum—Marie Colombier.

ademoiselle Blaiet — M. Uchard.
 Outrage — Jules Mary.
 Adieu Aurèle — A. Theriast.
 Enfant de 36 Pères — E. Dentu.
 Le Secret du Baron — De Bosqobay.
 Demoiselle de Compagnie — De Montepin.
 Les Avoigres — Greville.
 L'Argent de la Femme — Le Roy.
 L'obéissance — Maisonneuve.
 Les Princesses Cassa — Com. — Erhard.
 Les Hurlements — Salvay.
 L'Impératrice — Segonzac.
 Le Jeu — Sala.
 Les Petits Pères — Parfait.
 Le Roman de Gaston Renard — Monnier.
 Le Tableau du Nuit — De Musset.
 Les Boudoirs de Verre — Mendès.
 Le Barbier Grise — Taibbe.
 Les Cabarets — Dubais.

1845 de Vices—Amoy.
 Sulpice d'une Mère—J. Pelletier,
 as Amours Cruelles—Dulot.
 Truquage—Eudel.
 Brocanteur—Berthet.
 LILLY & WALSH—HONGKONG. 725
 STEAM TO SHANGHAI.
 THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship
 "ROSSETTA"
 leave for the above place TO-MORROW,
 9th instant, at Noon.
 A. McIVER,
 Superintendent.
 Hongkong, 18th June, 1884.
 THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAM-
 SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
 HONG KONG.

“DIAMANTÉ,”
Main Stacks will be despatched for the above
TO-MORROW, the 19th instant, at
P.M.
Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & CO.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 17th June, 1884. [1151]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY.
Passenger Cargo and Passengers at through rates:
HONGKONG, CHEFOO, NEWCHANG, TIENTSIN,
YANKOW, and PORTS on the YANGTZEKI.
The Company's Steamship

“DEUCALION,”

Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents,
Hongkong, 17th June, 1894. [1132]

FOR SHANGHAI
The Steamship
"HESPERIA,"
Captain Wagner, will have immediate despatch,
Freight or Passage, apply to
STEARNS & Co.,
Agents,
Hongkong, 18th June, 1894. [1135]

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
No 3/8 L. I. British Ship
"FOREST KING,"
Captain Macdonald, will have immediate despatch,
Freight or Passage, apply to
Messrs. J. & A. Burns, Agents,
Hongkong, 18th June, 1894. [1136]

Freight, apply to.
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 18th June, 1884. [1155]

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
E 3/3 L. I. I. American Bark
"SPARTAN."
Master, will load here for the above
will arrive quick despatch.
Freight, apply to.
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 18th June, 1884. [1157]

AND SIGNORA A. VITA.
4, Old Bazar Street,
Announce that they are prepared to give
SONS IN SINGING and on the PIANO.
E. 3/3 L. I. I. American Bark

Longkong, 14th June, 1884. [1145]

**LONGKONG AND CHINA GAS
COMPANY, LIMITED.**

2 TRANSFER BOOKS of this Com-
pany will be CLOSED from the 18th
until the 2nd proximo. Both Days
2nd.

HENRY R. H. MARTIN,
Manager.

Longkong, 14th June, 1884. [1124]

NOTICE.

It is hereby given that by the
provisions made under a Bill of Sale
of the 15th day of April, 1884, made between
SAM ELEANOR, ANABAHAM of the one
and the Undersigned of the other

on of the Promise known as the
INTERNATIONAL PRINTING OFFICE, No. 3,
Front Street, and will transmit all Business
concerns for my own account and in my
own name, dated the 14th day of June, 1884.
J. S. JUDAH.

WANTED for one of the Coast Ports—
A YOUNG GERMAN for Booking
General Office Work.
N. N.
Office of the "Daily Press."
Hongkong, 12th June, 1884. [1114]

A K E E.
HAS FOR SALE

HONGKONG.
ong. 14th June, 1889.

NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON & CO.
FAMILY AND DISPENSARY
CHEMISTS,
By Appointment to His Excellency the Governor and His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh.
WHOLESALE RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
PERFUMERS,
PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS,
DRUGGIST SUNDRIES,
And
AERATED WATER MAKERS.

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS RECOMMENDED
PASSENGER'S SUPPLIES.

NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of Orders it is particularly requested that all business communications be addressed to the Firm, A. S. Watson & Co., &c.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY. [23]

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.
Communications on Editorial matters should be addressed "The Editor," and those on business "The Manager," and not to individuals by name. Correspondents are requested to forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.
Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until discontinued.
Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JUNE 18th, 1894.

ALTHOUGH IN HUNG-CHANG has succeeded in bringing the difficulty between France and China to a settlement, there are plenty of proofs that the agreement made by him with Captain Fournier is in opposition to the views of the vast majority of the mandarins at Peking. Fortunately for the Viceroy of Chihli his position is assured by his having won the support of the Empress-Regent, otherwise efforts would assuredly be made to disavow the Convention of Tientsin in the same way that the Treaty of Livadia was rejected, and Li would suffer a similar fate to that which overtook the illustrious Curzo How. But the Viceroy of Chihli is a real power in the state. His influence with certain of the officials is very great, and he is looked up to by the Chinese people as the personification of power. Nevertheless, so potent is the cabal against him in Peking, that more than once his existence as the greatest provincial satrap has trembled in the balance, and but for the exercise of ever watchful vigilance and the maintenance of his army of drilled troops he would long since have been degraded and relegated to obscurity. This would have been in some sense a national calamity, for there are few, if any, among the Chinese mandarins who so thoroughly understand the might of Western Powers and the relative weakness of the Central Kingdom. Few officials, too, possess an equal share of tact, and none can surpass him in turning events to good account. He possesses the power in some degree of grasping the situation, and of adapting himself to circumstances, which no other Chinese statesman has ever succeeded in doing.

That the hostility of the Chinese to foreigners has not died out with the signature of the Convention of Tientsin, and that most officials believe it to have been a mistake, admits, we think, of little doubt. It is, however, unlikely that they will try to reverse the Treaty, for the Empress-Regent has formally adopted it, and as it was negotiated by the Grand Secretary of the Council it would not be an easy matter to cancel it. As serving to indicate the drift of official opinion the memorial recently presented to the Throne by CHANG PEE-LU, Assistant Commissioner for the coast defence of Peking, and which will be found reproduced in another column, may fairly be cited. The memorial is couched in the hysterical, alarmist strain often adopted on former occasions by Chinese officials, and is evidently intended to stir up the Government to make extraordinary efforts to place the empire in such a state of defence as to be able to successfully repel all attempts at aggression by foreign nations. After declaring that it is the intention of Western nations to take the whole of Asia, this Celestial uncle goes on to say:—

"Even if we try our utmost to adopt the stand-up fight with success. In case we remain as we are we shall not have the slightest chance of resisting any encroachments that may be made upon us. Our coast stretches to the east as far as Ting-tien, at a port called Ching-chow, and to the south as far as Liaison and Lintchow. The English have seized on Hongkong, the Russians have taken Vladivostok, the Japanese have annexed Liuchiu, and the French are in possession of Annam. All the defensible positions on the coast are at the mercy of foreign nations; how, then, can we protect the wide stretch of sea with the armaments we now possess, and how can we keep off an enemy by stationing men on shore? There is, of course, some sense in this diurnal statement of the position, but the matter is magnified so far as foreign nations are concerned. Whose fault was it that Hongkong had to be ceded to Great Britain? That of the Chinese Government, by whose intolerance British traders were driven out of Canton. What loss has China sustained by the Japanese annexation of Liuchiu? None, for the islands never belonged to her. What loss again does China sustain by the substitution of a French protectorate for that of the Dragon Throne over Annam? Nothing, unless it be certain loss of prestige with her other tributaries, and she alone is responsible for that. Even the annexation of part of Manchuria by Russia might have been prevented had the Peking Government made closer friends of other Western Powers and given them more interest in the preservation of China's territorial integrity. Similarly she would have nothing to dread from foreign aggression were her Govern-

ment to exhibit a more liberal and progressive spirit. All the efforts she can make now for the formation of a navy will be thrown away in the event of a quarrel with a first class maritime power, for ships without officers or money would prove more useless; they would only serve as prizes for the enemy. If the Chinese Government will bend their energies and apply their funds to the opening up of the resources of the country, their developing her wealth they will be taking the most effectual steps towards rendering her proof against foreign attack.

The delivery of the English mail was begun at 2.20 yesterday afternoon.
The World says it is rumored that Major-General W. Chumson, C.B., will be appointed to the command in China next April.

The Hingpo News understands that Captain Hume, who purchased the British battleship *Satsuma*, and that the vessel's flag was to be changed on the 10th inst.

A private letter has reached Shanghai concerning the Presidential election in the United States to the following effect:—"The Republican Convention has nominated Mr. Blaine for President and General Logan for Vice-President."

The Straits Times says that the Italian battleship *Proserpio* has been successfully captured at Singapore, the *Tanjong Pagar* Dock Company having been the master in hand. The vessel, which was captured, was pumped out, and the crew were taken on board. The ship was then towed to the *Tanjong Pagar* wharf on the 11th inst. The capture of the vessel has been very much commented on.

General Mosny writes to the N. O. Daily News that the Chinese have been ordered to leave the island of Hainan, and that the British have been ordered to leave the island of Hainan. The British have been ordered to leave the island of Hainan, and the Chinese have been ordered to leave the island of Hainan.

The Shanghai Courier says that the steamer *Chongking* arrived at Shanghai on the morning of the 11th inst. from the Fisherman Gap bringing two of the *Panama*'s boats, some cargo, and some crew belonging to the *Panama*. The *Panama* was reported to have been captured by the Chinese on the 11th inst. The *Panama* was reported to have been captured by the Chinese on the 11th inst.

The Margate Telegraph left Paris on the 10th inst. to follow the *Chongking* to Shanghai. The *Chongking* is expected to arrive at Shanghai on the 11th inst. The *Chongking* is expected to arrive at Shanghai on the 11th inst.

The Army and Navy Gazette says that the Chinese have been ordered to leave the island of Hainan, and that the British have been ordered to leave the island of Hainan. The British have been ordered to leave the island of Hainan, and the Chinese have been ordered to leave the island of Hainan.

On the 24th instant was introduced from the Shanghai Shipping and Commerce Company an item of news, namely that the *Chongking* had been captured by the Chinese on the 11th inst. The *Chongking* had been captured by the Chinese on the 11th inst.

It has been decided by the trustees of the British Museum to make an important accession to the treasures of the coin department of that establishment by the purchase of some 1,500 Chinese coins. The coins are of various types, and are of great value to the collection.

The annual meeting of the London Missionary Society was held yesterday in Exeter Hall, Mr. Hugh M. Matheson, president. The statement of accounts showed that the income for the year had been £102,561. With reference to China, the statement showed that the income for the year had been £102,561.

The *Guilin* states that it is in a position to give the text of the very valuable little speech made on the occasion of the 12th inst. by the Chinese Minister to France, M. Li. The Chinese Minister said that he was very glad to see the Chinese Minister to France, M. Li. The Chinese Minister said that he was very glad to see the Chinese Minister to France, M. Li.

Address received from Berlin states that the Treaty of Commerce with Korea will shortly be submitted to the Federal Council for consideration.

Mr. Storey has placed the following on the notice paper of the House of Commons for this day's sitting:—To ask the Foreign Secretary for Foreign Affairs whether any news has yet been received from the *Chongking*, which was lost on May 1st with passengers for the despatch of the *Chongking* whether any, and what, progress has been made in the negotiations with the Dutch Government for the release of those men taken captive within its territory.

Captain Richard Edward Trevelyan, R.N., who has been selected for the command of the *Chongking*, was appointed in 1862 to the *Chongking*, flagship of Vice-Admiral Keyser, on the East India and China Station. He took part in the naval operations against Japan, including the action with the forts at Kagoshima in August, 1863, and the attack on the batteries of the *Chongking* in the month of October, 1863. On the latter occasion he was wounded by the Japanese.

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of the plaintiff's business in Hongkong to the value of \$50,000, and out of those assets it was claimed that he had appropriated to his own use the sum of \$10,000.

At the previous hearing the plaintiff was in the witness box all day, and again yesterday his examination and cross-examination occupied the whole day, and the case was further adjourned.

POLICE COURT.

June 17th.

BEFORE MR. E. MACDONALD.

MEDWORTH, EXAMINER.

Ip Afong, dooly, and Ahn Ahn, his wife, were charged with stealing a silver watch belonging to one Chan Ahn, and with assaulting Mr. M. S. Coleman.

The parties were: Chan Ahn, Pothong-street, and Chan Ahn, dooly, who on Monday put a watch on top of his head, after which he lay down on the bed and went to sleep for an hour. Chan Ahn, dooly, was the first to get up, and he reported the matter to the Station.

Later in the day he went home, and gave it out for all there to understand that whoever had taken the watch had better return it. Chan Ahn, dooly, was the first to get up, and he reported the matter to the Station.

The defendant was charged with stealing a silver watch belonging to one Chan Ahn, and with assaulting Mr. M. S. Coleman.

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At the previous hearing the plaintiff was in the witness box all day, and again yesterday his examination and cross-examination occupied the whole day, and the case was further adjourned.

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they told him to work off the loan, and that they would transfer the shares to him. At that time his securities, exclusive of the shares, were supposed to be more than his liabilities. He had an account with Benjamin, and he had an account with Benjamin. He had an account with Benjamin, and he had an account with Benjamin.

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knowledge whether Monroff paid anything but had heard that he had loaned \$50,000. Benjamin had accounts at all banks, but none so large as that of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank. Benjamin had accounts at all banks, but none so large as that of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

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INTIMATIONS.

CARLTON WHISKY.

SEVEN YEARS OLD / GOLD MEDAL AWARDED AT CALCUTTA EXHIBITION 1884.

These Grand Old Scotch Whiskies are shipped only by RICHARD MATTHEWS & COMPANY, of London and Liverpool, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON". They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, and in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from any other noxious ingredients.

The following Letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" Club:

Messrs. R. MATTHEWS & Co.,
GENTLEMEN.—In reply to your inquiry as to whether the Whisky you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the Whisky is the Whisky in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever that the Whisky being MOST EXCELLENT. It is of Old Scotch and I am fully satisfied that it is much approved by the Members.

Yours obediently,
W. GRIFITHS, Secretary.

CAUTION.

It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the noxious trash very often sold in China under the name of Whisky, this is therefore to caution consumers to carefully examine the CORNERS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with, and that the CORNERS, CAPSULES, and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

For Prices and Terms, apply to
CUTLER, ELMER & Co.,
Shippers RICHARD MATTHEWS & Co.,
"CARLTON" WHISKY
Merchants, London.

L'INDPÉNDANT BELGE.

S. R. D'ARMENT, Bruxelles.
JOURNAL POLITIQUE, COMMERCIAL, LITTÉRAIRE & ARTISTIQUE.

Un des plus importants de l'Europe.
TARIFS D'ABONNEMENT:

3 mois.....fr. 21
6 mois.....fr. 38
12 mois.....fr. 70

Envoi par la poste en France et dans les pays limitrophes.
Envoi par la poste en Belgique et dans les pays limitrophes.
Envoi par la poste en Hollande et dans les pays limitrophes.
Envoi par la poste en Allemagne et dans les pays limitrophes.
Envoi par la poste en Italie et dans les pays limitrophes.
Envoi par la poste en Espagne et dans les pays limitrophes.
Envoi par la poste en Portugal et dans les pays limitrophes.
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INSURANCES.

THE MANHATTAN LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY,
165 & 185, BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

POINTS FOR AN INSURER TO CONSIDER.

AN ORDINARY LIFE INSURANCE Policy provides an estate for your dependents after your death, free from the claims of creditors. An ORDINARY ENDOWMENT Policy provides for death, and also for one's advancing years, but at a heavy outlay.

THE MANHATTAN'S NEW PLAN offers both advantages combined in one, and at a very much reduced cost.

This new policy is superior to ordinary Life Insurance, because you need not "die to win."

Superior to ordinary endowment insurance, because much less expensive.

Superior to "Terminal" Insurance, because the results are not ESTIMATED, but are fixed in a positive contract.

2nd.—Because, after three years, there is no forfeiture of PAYMENTS on discontinuance of the policy, a cash or paid-up value being guaranteed by the New York Law.

Business men appreciate the advantages of this new form of insurance, and are largely in favor of it.

The annual deposit is precisely SAVED, while it secures the needed insurance during a designated period.

POSITIVE RESULTS

OF A POLICY IN THE MANHATTAN LIFE

ON THE NEW PLAN.

Age 39, \$10,000 of Policy, \$10,000.

Term 20 Years.

The Annual Premium will be.....\$ 301.30

The 20 payments will amount to.....\$5,000.00

At the end of that time, the Company will return to the holder in cash.....\$5,000.00

Thus the \$10,000 Insurance will have been secured at the net cost of \$ 336.00

or \$3.36 for \$10,000 of Insurance.

If the Cash be not drawn the \$10,000.00 Policy will become paid up for.....

These results are not estimated, but are fixed in a Positive Contract, the full face of the Policy payable being payable in the event of the death of the assured. There is no forfeiture of payments on discontinuance of policy after three years.

3rd.—Paid up Value being Guaranteed by the Terms of the New York Law.

For example, at other ages, and also on the 10 and 15 years plan, write or apply at the Office.

A. HINZ, PUSTAU & Co., Agents
Special Agent for Hongkong and China.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIFE ASSURANCE ONLY.

Reserve fund, all profits belong to policyholders and are paid annually.

Statement for Year Ending 31st December, 1883.

Accumulated Funds.....\$1,379,944

Surplus over all liabilities.....\$ 2,139,338

Income for year 1883.....\$ 2,717,599

C. SETON LINDSAY,
Res. Manager,
Department of the East.

BIRLEY, DALRYMPLE & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong.

NOTICE.

QUEEN'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS on First-class Goods at 1 per Cent. Net premium per annum.

NORTON & Co., Agents
Hongkong, 20th May, 1881.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are prepared from this date to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE at the Reduced Tariff Rates to the extent of \$50,000 on First-class Risks.

LINSTEAD & DAVIS,
Sun Fire Office.
Hongkong, 12th May, 1881.

THE STRAITS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE at the Reduced Tariff Rates to the extent of \$50,000 on First-class Risks.

ARNOLD, KARBURG & Co.,
Hongkong, 6th November, 1883.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned, as Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE at the Reduced Tariff Rates to the extent of \$50,000 on First-class Risks.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,
Hongkong, 18th May, 1881.

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF 1871 IN HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, Agents of the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS at Current Rates.

PUSTAU & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 18th January, 1881.

TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

STEMSSEN & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1872.

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are now prepared to GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE at the following Rates:

On First-class European.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class American.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Goods.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Chinese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Indian.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Japanese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Chinese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Indian.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Japanese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Chinese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Indian.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Japanese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

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On First-class Indian.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

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On First-class Chinese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Indian.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Japanese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Chinese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Indian.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

On First-class Japanese.....1 1/2 % Net per Annum.

ON SALE.

THE CHRONICLE & DIRECTORY.

With which is incorporated THE CHINA DIRECTORY.

(Twenty-second Annual Issue.)
ROYAL OCTAVO, pp. 1080.....\$5.00.
SMALL, EDITION, pp. 684.....\$3.00.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY.

has been thoroughly revised and brought up to date, and is again much increased in size.

It contains DESCRIPTIVE and STATISTICAL ACCOUNTS OF DIRECTORIES for

Do. Lists of Directors of Companies for

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